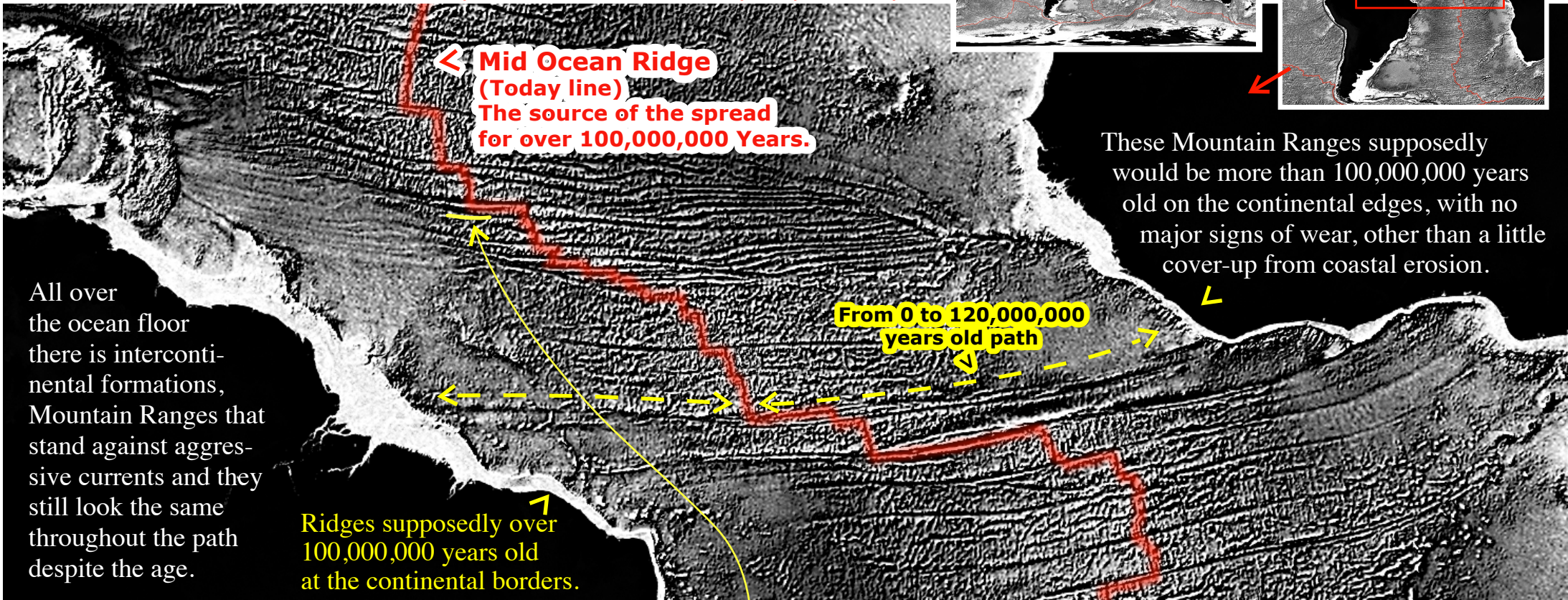


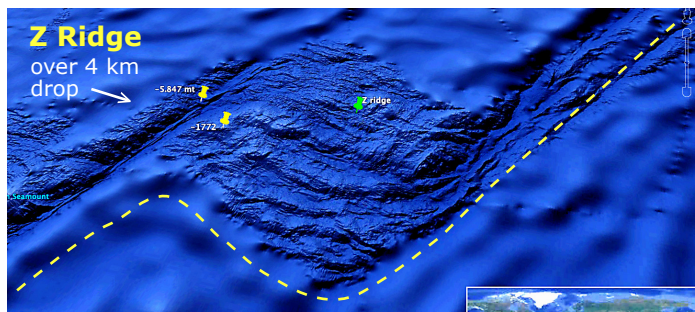
01 - Ocean Floor Ridges

An Intercontinental Pattern of Mountain Ranges, little studied for what it's worth, a Pattern that can most definitely explain the Continental Drift.

NOAA ETOPO1 Ocean Floor Bedrock Map, enhanced with Gravity Map Overlay.

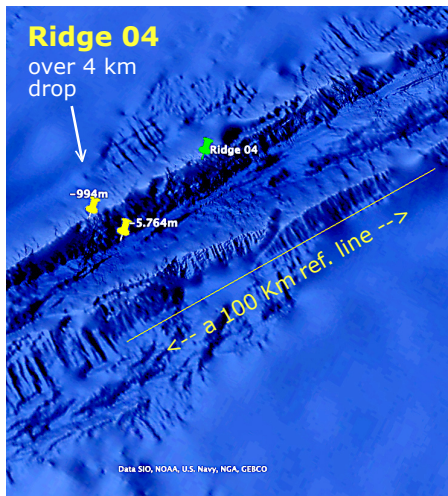
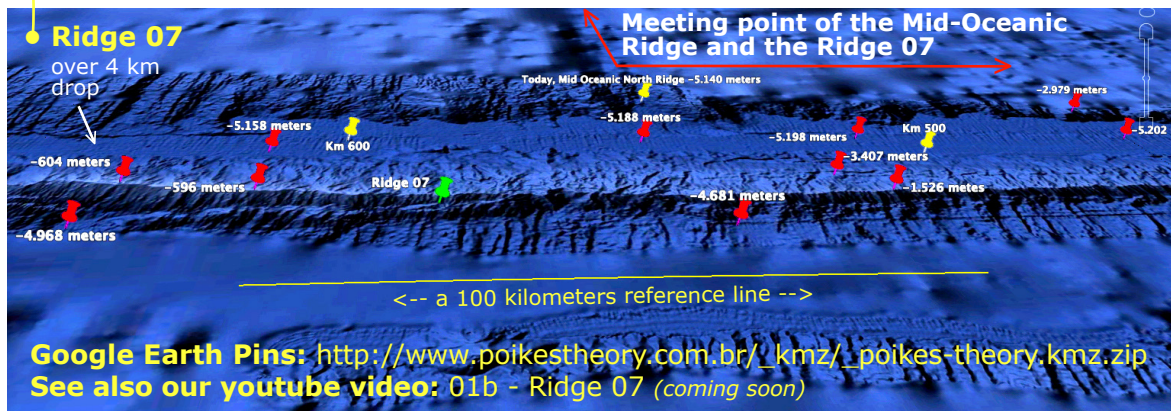


You can follow us on Google Earth by downloading and opening our Google Earth Placemarks (kmz file), and GPlates compatible maps, available on our web site.



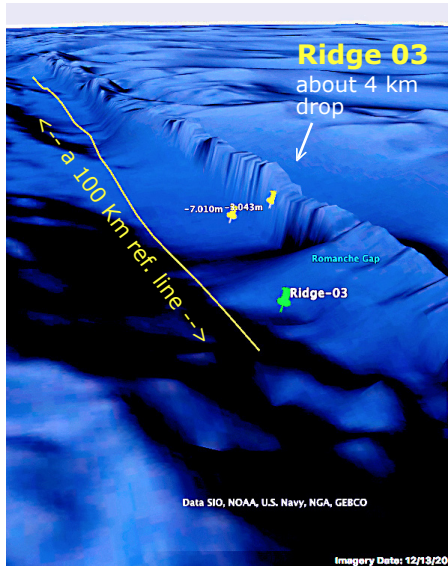
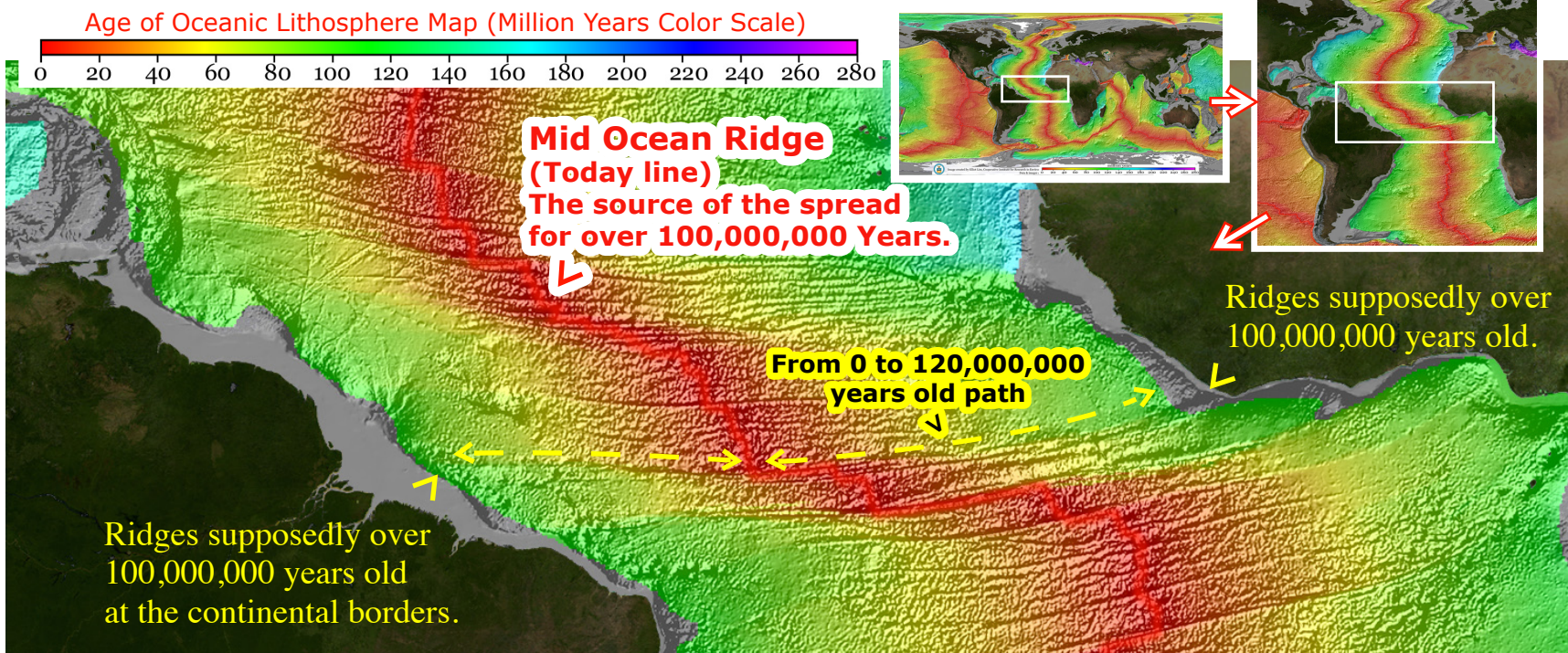
A Pattern of Mountain Ranges, with nothing else to compare above Earth.

Some Mountain Ranges are 3 to 5 km high, and there are thousands of kilometers of them tracing a pattern in the ocean floor

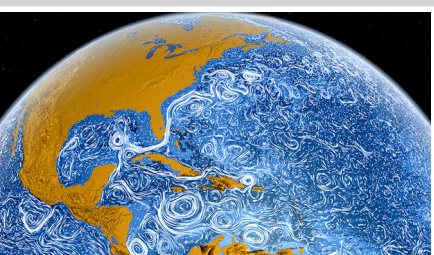


Supposedly this patterns is shaping the ocean floor, **Not for a 100,000 Years,** **Not for a 1,000,000 Years,** **But Over a 100,000,000 Years,**

The age does not match it's current looks, a word wide pattern of mountain ranges on the ocean floor, spreading free in both directions from the Mid Ocean Ridge, with no major interference for 120,000,000 years is pretty odd.



The Ocean Ridges also stand against strong Oceanic currents.



NASA Ocean Currents Map

Mapping the Ocean Ridges and analyzing this pattern, that overlap the Mid Ocean Ridge in many ways, we understand it's dynamics.

For that and many other facts that we will describe in this theory, we realize the continental drift happened in a single event, that we call the Pacific Drop, reshaping Earth's crust around 10,000 years ago, witch is consistent to the Mountain Ranges shape and preservation state.

Initial Sketch of the Drag Marks Pattern

